

## Material Safety Data Sheet

### TRU GRIT RX Gear Oil 75w90 GL-4

# Material Safety Data Sheet

**Product Name** RX GL4 GEAR OIL, 75W90

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

**Supplier Name** Onshore Oils Pty Ltd  
**Address** 38A Aquarium Ave, Hemmant, Qld, Australia 4174  
**Telephone** (07) 3348 8388  
**Fax** (07) 3390 7455  
**Email** [admin@onshoreoils.com.au](mailto:admin@onshoreoils.com.au)  
**Web Site** <http://www.onshoreoils.com.au/>

**Use(s)** Manual Transmission Fluid

**SDS Date** 16 September 2014

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE**

**UN No.** None Allocated **DG Class** None Allocated **Subsidiary Risk(s)** None Allocated

**Packing Group** None Allocated **Hazchem Code** None Allocated

## 3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	CAS No.	Content
Paraffin Oil - Highly Solvent Refined	Not Available	64742-65-0	>60%
Petroleum Residual Oils - Solvent Dewaxed	Not Available	64742-62-7	<40%
Additive(s)	Not Available	Not Available	<10%

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye**

**Skin**

**Inhalation**

**Ingestion**

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

**Advice to Doctor** Treat symptomatically.

**First Aid Facilities** Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

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## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Flammability** Combustible. May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition

**Fire and Evacuate** area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire

**Explosion** situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

**Extinguishing** Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains or waterways.

**Hazchem Code** None Allocated

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Spillage** Use personal protective equipment. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbant material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

## 7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

### Storage

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, removed from oxidising agents, acids, alkalis, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should have appropriate fire protection systems. Store as a Class C2 Combustible Liquid (AS1940).

### Handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Exposure Standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
Mineral oil mist	SWA (AUS)		5 mg/m3		
Mineral Oil Mist	SWA (AUS)		5 mg/m3		

**Biological Limits** No biological limit allocated.

**Engineering** Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, **Controls** mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

**PPE** Wear splash-proof goggles and PVC or rubber gloves. When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear: coveralls. Where an inhalation risk exists, wear: a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator. With prolonged use, wear: viton (R) or nitrile gloves and coveralls.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Dark Amber Coloured Liquid	Solubility (Water)	Insoluble
Odour	Strong Characteristic Odour	Specific Gravity	0.870-0.880
pH	Not Relevant	% Volatiles	Not Available
Vapour Pressure	Not Available	Flammability	Class C2 Combustible
Vapour Density	Not Available	Flash Point	>200 °C
Boiling Point	Not Available	Upper Explosion Limit	N/A
Melting Point	Not Available	Lower Explosion Limit	N/A
Viscosity	9 cSt- 16.5cSt @100°C		

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemical Stability** Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

**Conditions to Avoid** Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

**Material to Avoid** Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg. Hypochlorites), acids (eg. nitric acid), alkalis (eg. hydroxides), heat and ignition sources.

**Hazardous** May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to

**Decomposition** decomposition.

### Products

**Hazardous Reactions** Polymerization is not expected to occur.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Health Hazard** Low toxicity. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. The

**Summary** mineral oil contained within this product is highly refined and therefore is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity in humans (IARC Group 3).

**Eye** Low to moderate irritant. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.

**Inhalation** Low irritant. Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing.

**Skin** Low irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in mild irritation, rash and dermatitis.

**Ingestion** Low toxicity. Ingestion of large quantities may result in nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain,

diarrhoea, and drowsiness. Aspiration may result in chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary oedema.

**Toxicity** Data No LD50 data available for this product.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Environment** Mineral oils biodegrade slowly and should not be released to waterways or soil. They can float on water, restricting oxygen exchange with possible asphyxiation of aquatic life.

**Ecotoxicity** Not classified as dangerous to the aquatic environment.

**Persistence** / Expected to be inherently biodegradable.

### Degradability

**Mobility** Low solubility and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste Disposal** Reuse where possible or return to the manufacturer. May be recycled. Do not release to drains or waterways. Contact the manufacturer for additional information

**Legislation** Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE**

**Shipping Name** None Allocated

**Packing Group** None Allocated

**Hazchem Code** None Allocated

**UN No.** None Allocated

**DG Class** None Allocated

**Subsidiary Risks(s)** None Allocated

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Poison Schedule** A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).

**AICS** All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Additional Information

The additives in this product include butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/or but-1-ene/but-2-ene) (C4-H8)x (9003-29-6).

MINERAL OILS - SOLVENT REFINED; Animal experiments and human experience have not shown cancer risks when handling solvent refined mineral oils, unlike non refined mineral oils. CLEANING MINERAL OIL CONTAMINATED CLOTHING; Cleaners are advised that when cleaning oil contaminated clothing it is essential that freshly distilled solvent is used for each batch, including final rinse, as even filtered solvent will leave oil residues.

MINERAL OILS - USED; Used mineral oils in engine crankcases and other high temperature/high stress environments may contain potentially harmful residues, some of which have been shown to cause irreversible skin effects, including cancer. Prolonged and repeated inhalation of mists associated with used mineral oils may result in pulmonary fibrosis.

MINERAL OILS - INJECTION; Where high pressure applications are used the risk of accidental injection under the skin exists and may result in an extremely painful and serious injury requiring immediate medical attention.

Depending on the pressure used, mineral oils may be injected a considerable distance below the skin and may cause permanent tissue damage.

SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. EXERCISE EXTREME CARE WHEN USING HIGH PRESSURE EQUIPMENT.

### ABBREVIATIONS:

ADB - Air-Dry Basis.

BEI - Biological Exposure Indice(s)

CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds.

CNS - Central Nervous System.

EC No - European Community Number.

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer.

M - moles per litre, a unit of concentration.

mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Milligrams per cubic metre.

NOS - Not Otherwise Specified.



NTP - National Toxicology Program.

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).

ppm - Parts Per Million.

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

TWA/ES - Time Weighted Average or Exposure Standard.

#### HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a MSDS which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that the end user will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this MSDS is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered by the end user before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

#### REPORT STATUS:

This MSDS has been prepared by OnShore Oils using the most current information available at the time of issuing. OnShore Oils accepts no liability (as lawfully allowed) for any loss, injury or damage which may have been suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on information that is contained in this MSDS.

**MSDS Date:** 16 September 2014

**End of MSDS**